कर दिया गया है, और यदि नहीं, तो उन्हें उचित अन्तरित राहत प्रदान करने के लिये क्या कदम उठाए जा रहे है

(घ) क्या इन सभी कर्मचारियों को 1991 के दौरान जनगणना विभाग में उनके वेतनमानों के आधार पर स्थायी रूप से पुन: नियुक्त कर दिया जाएगा और

(ङ) यदि हां, तो कब तक और यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री सन्तोष मोहन देव): (क) उत्तर प्रदेश में लगभग 5,000 ऐसे कर्मचारियों की छंटनी की गई थी ।

(ख) उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार को छटनी किए गए कर्मचारियों को उच्चतम अग्रता देकर और विशेष रूप से विचार करके संभव सीमा तक आयु में छूट देकर 1981 की जनगणना में छंटनी किए गए कर्मचारियों को अग्रता के आधार पर समाविष्ट करने के लिये उचित अनुदेश जारी करने का अनुरोध किया गया था । उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने दिनांक 12.2.1982 के अपने आदेश संख्या 41/2 67-कार्मिक-2 के तहत जनगणना संगठन में छंटनी किए गए कमचारियों को राज्य सरकार के अधीन पदों और सेवाओं में भर्ती करने के लिये उनके द्वारा की गई लगातार सेवा की अवधि के अतिरिक्त तीन वर्ष तक आयु में छूट दी है शैक्षिक अर्हता में कोई छूट नहीं दी गई है । ये आदेश तीन वर्षों की अवधि के लिये वैध थे । इनके अलावा उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने दिनांक 9.5.1984 के अपने आदेश संख्या 6 211974-कार्मिक-2 के तहत ये निर्देश जारी किये हैं कि अनुसूचित जातियों और अनुसूचित जनजातियों के लिये आरक्षित श्रेणियों के अलावा अन्य वर्गों के लिये आरक्षित रिक्तियों में भर्ती के लिये यदि उपयुक्त उम्मीदवार उपलब्ध न हो तो रिक्तियों को शारीरिक रूप से अपंग सफल उम्मीदवारों में से भरी जाएं और अनुसूचित जातियों और अनुसूचित जन जातियों के लिए आरक्षित रिक्तियां अब भी नहीं भरी गई हों तो वे 1981 की जनगणना के छंटनी किए गए सफल कर्मचारियों तथा राज्य सरकार के 'ग्रुप "ग" और ग्रुप "घ' के कर्मचारियों में से भरी जा सकती है । ये आदेश ये आदेश दिसम्बर, 1986 तक वैध थे ।

(ग) किसी वैकल्पिक रोजगार में जनगणना के छटनी किए गए कर्मचारियों के समावेश का प्रबोधन करना संभव नहीं है । अन्तरिम राहत की कोई व्यवस्था नहीं है ।

(घ) और (ङ) जी नहीं, श्रीमान । प्राथमिक जनगणना सारांश बनाने जनगणना सारणियों का सम्पादन करने तथा उनको कूटबद्ध करने का कार्य एक समय बाधित कार्य है और इससे दीर्घ कालीन रोजगार प्राप्त नहीं हो सकता ।

Fencing on Indo-Pak Border

1666. SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what progress has been made in regard to the work relating to barbed wire fencing on Indo-Pak border and by when it will be completed; and

(b) whether there is any delay in completing this work within the stipulated period; if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Barbed wire fencing has been laid in a stretch of about 64.80 Kms. on the Indo-Pak border and the work is expected to be completed by the end of August, 1988.

(b) The C.P.W.D., which is executing the work, has indicated that because of

constraints like shortage of material, the on set of rains and consequent floods in some areas the work could not be completed by 31st July, 1988, as earlier planned.

Training of GNLF Militants by Bangladesh Rifles

1667. SHRI HARI SINGH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that the G.N.L.F militants are being trained by the Bangladesh Rifles (BDR) at its camp at Dalia Sub-Division of Coochbehar district of Bngladesh; and

(b) if so, what steps Government have taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) The Government have no confirmed information to indicate that the G.N.L.F. militants are being trained at a camp at Dalia in Bangladesh.

(b) Does ont arise.

Textile Policy, 1985

1668. SHRI JITENDRABHAI LABHSHANKER BHATT : Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Textile Policy of 6th June, 1985 was announced without consulting the then Finance Minister; and

(b) if so, what are the details of the procedure adopted in finalising the Textile Policy and the stages at which the Ministry of Finance was consulted?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) and (b). The Textile Policy announced on 6th June, 1985, was formulated on the basis of the report of the Expert Committee on Textile Industry appointed by Government to go into the problems of the textile industry, the deliberations of the Central Advisory Council on Textile Industry and the suggestions received from various sources. The draft prepared by the Ministry was considered by the Committee of Secretaries and its suggestions incorporated. Thereafter the policy was approved by the Group of Ministers constituted for the purpose which included the then Finance Miunister of the Government of India.

Scaling down of production Target of Mill Sector

1669. SHRI JITENDRABHAI LABHSHANKER BHATT: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the production target of mill sector has been scaled down as compared to what was targeted in the Seventh Plan document;

(b) if so, what are the reasons for such a change and what is the estimated increase in excess capacity as a result of such a change; and

(c) what is Government's action plan to deal with such an increase in excess capacity?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) to (c) The target of organised mill sector has been scaled down, since the production in this sector was not keeping pace with the production target fixed for the Seventh Five Year plan. While doing so, the overall target of cloth production for the Seventh Plan has been kept intact and only a sectoral adjustment in the target has been made. Keeping in view the production trends of the three sectors of textile industry. No authentic estimates of excess capacity in the textile industry are available. The Textile Policy of June, 1985 allows textile mills to contract capacities including closure of a unit or part thereof, wherever necessary and justified.